

SMART WATER HEATERS Thermal Storage and Demand Response



- Established 1874 (147 years)
- Manufacturing Water heaters for over 80 years
- Multiple Brands











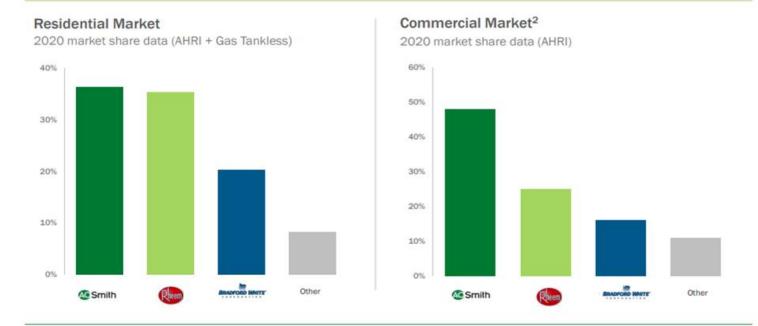




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Leading Market Share in the U.S. Water Heater Market Segment¹



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¹ AOS actual shipments and AOS estimates of competitors' shipments

² Commercial water heater segment as defined by AHRI, total 2020 commercial units as reported by AHRI = 221,000 units

Water Heater Market

- Approx. 100M residential water heaters
- Approx. 50M residential electric water heaters
- Approx. 8.5M residential heaters installed each year
- Typical resistive electric heater 4,500 watt elements
- Average life expectancy 12 years

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How a Water Heater Works

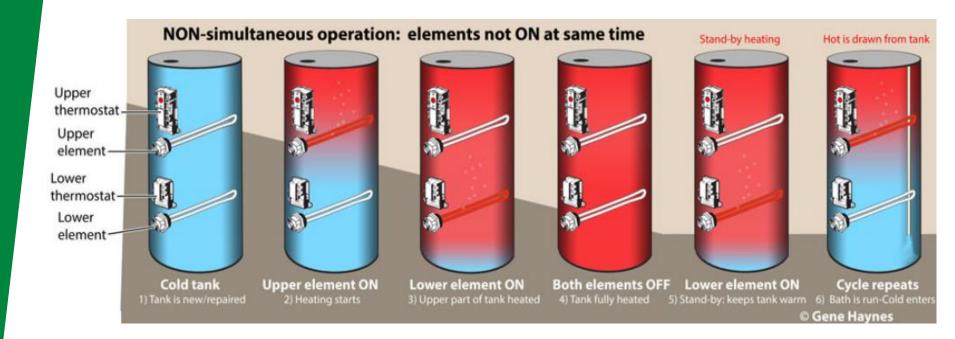
- Heat Top
- Then Heat Bottom

- Dead Band Lower tank temp drop
- Limit relay contact arcing
- Allows for long life of thermostats



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How a Water Heater Works

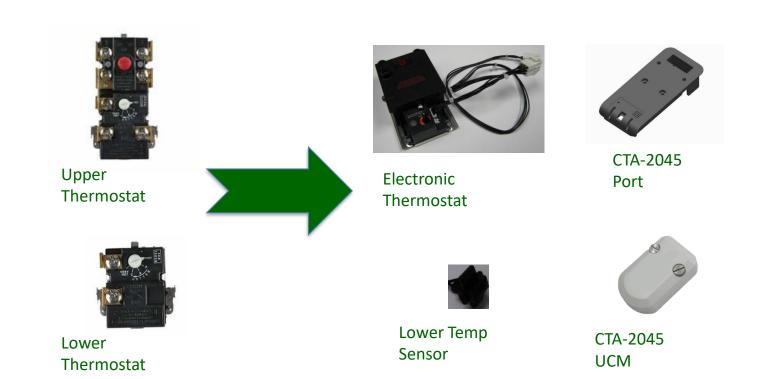


Smart Water Heater Flexible Load Opportunity

- Assume 4M electric water heater per year
- Assume 4.5 kW load per water heater
- 4M year X 4.5kW = 18 GW year
- 12 years X 18 GW = 216,000 MW

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Standard vs. Smart



Smart Water Heater

Cold Water Prevention

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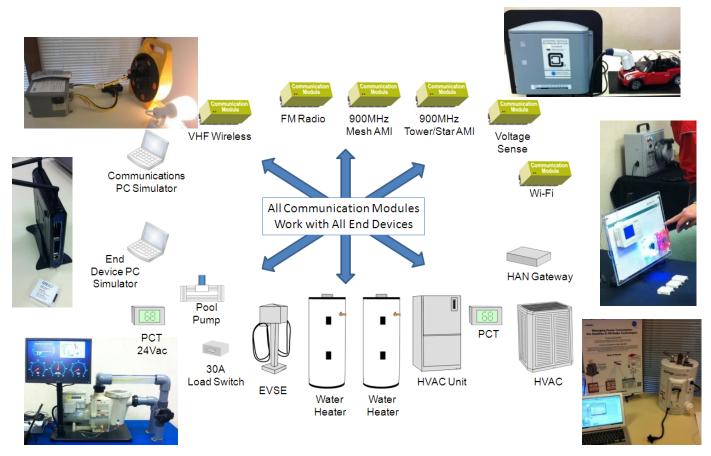
- Multiple levels of Curtailment
- Increased Energy Storage
- Energy Storage Capacity reported in Watt Hours
- Simple installation no truck roll
- Modular communication Future Proof



Smart Demand Response

- Peak Shaving
- Valley Filling
- Renewable Integration
- RPS Benefits
- ToU Value
- Load Balancing
- Energy Storage
- Beneficial Electrification
- De-Carbonization

CTA-2045 Universal Communication Port



CTA-2045 Adoption

Oregon

 Electric storage water heaters to require CTA-2045 port as of Jan 1, 2022

• Washington HB1444

 HPWHs January 1, 2021 must have a CTA-2045 communication port, other electric storage water heaters >+40 gallons Jan 1, 2022

• State of California Title 24 – JA 13

– 2020 HPWH DR

• Must accept OpenADR or CTA-2045 DR Signals

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Simple Installation





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Traditional DR vs. SMART Load Management

Options

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- ON
- OFF





Shed Load Shift Load Add Load Advanced Load Up **Price Controlled** Current State on – off State of charge in watt/hrs **Renewable Integration**

A.O. Smith SMART water heaters

- Consumer comfort cold water prevention
- Increased Energy Storage with Load Up or ALU
- Self Preservation prevents over control from utility
- More robust relays to support Load Up and ALU
- Low cost solution no expensive truck roll for DR
- More grid benefits i.e. Load Balancing, ToU



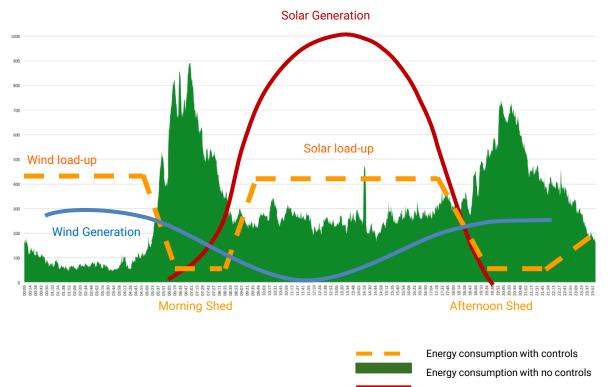
CTA-2045 Commands

Run Normal

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- Shed (reduces volume of hot water a little)
- Critical peak (reduces volume of hot water significantly)
- Grid Emergency (effectively turns water heater off)
- Load Up Heats up entire tank and holds temp (reduced dead band)
- Advance Load Up Requires mix valve Increases tank temp and holds.

Why Water Heaters? Load-Up & Shed



Renewables pattern in California summer 2018



Energy Storage - Load Shifting

- Energy Star DR test procedure for 50 gallon HPWH
- Energy storage via Load Up after shed approx. 750 W/hr
- Energy storage via Advanced Load Up after shed 1,500 W/hr
- Resistive electric approx. $2 3 \times 10^{-10}$ X that of HPWH



Smart Product Resistive Electric





Smart Load Management

- More Low cost, low carbon generation can be harvested by shifting load improving renewable generation asset ROI
- Increased renewable generation capacity is obtained by simply shifting load to maximize renewable capacity with no additional cost of generation or transmission.
- Consumers and utilities benefit from low-cost off-peak carbon reduced generation

Cost of Energy



Jan 25 1:00 PM PST

Jan 25 11:00 AM PST Jan 25 12:00 PM PST

Jan 25 10:00 AM PST

About

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Stakeholders

PRIME ENERGY MOVERS

Prime Energy Movers are entities that regulate, generate, store, and move (transport) electricity.



PARTNERS

Partners are device vendors, service providers, system integrators and consultants focused on the electrical power system.



Participants are individuals that own and/or use devices that consume, store, and generate electricity.

Jan 25 7:00 PM PST

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 About Termix
 \$0.067/kwh
 \$0.063/kwh
 \$0.077/kwh
 \$0.498/kwh
 \$0.736/kwh
 \$0.573/kwh
 \$0.218/kwh
 \$0.143/k

 Ticker^w
 0.566 Lbs/kwh
 0.496 Lbs/kwh
 0.500 Lbs/kwh
 0.541 Lbs/kwh
 0.563 Lbs/kwh
 0.805 Lbs/kwh
 0.846 Lbs/kwh
 0.912 Lbs/kwh
 0.891 Lbs/kwh

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 PRVACY POLICY
 TERMS OF SERVICE
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QUESTIONS?

